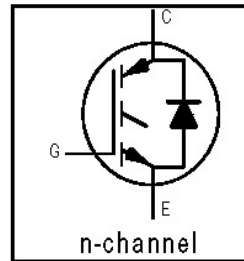


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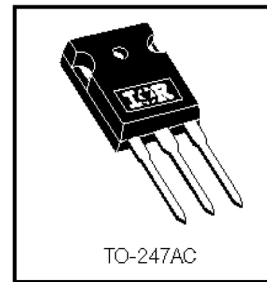
INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH
 ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

Features

- Optimized for use in Welding and Switch-Mode Power Supply applications
- Industry benchmark switching losses improve efficiency of all power supply topologies
- 50% reduction of Eoff parameter
- Low IGBT conduction losses
- Latest technology IGBT design offers tighter parameter distribution coupled with exceptional reliability
- IGBT ω -packaged with HEXFRED™ ultrafast, ultra-soft-recovery anti-parallel diodes for use in bridge configurations
- Industry standard TO-247AC package
 - Lead-Free



$V_{CES} = 900V$
$V_{CE(on) typ.} = 2.25V$
@ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 28A$



Benefits

- Lower switching losses allow more cost-effective operation and hence efficient replacement of larger-die MOSFETs up to 100kHz
- HEXFRED™ diodes optimized for performance with IGBTs. Minimized recovery characteristics reduce noise, EMI and switching losses

Absolute maximum ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	900	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	51	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	28	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ①	204	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	204	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	18	
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	204	
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	200	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	78	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (0.063 in. (1.8mm) from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw.	10 lbf·in (1.1N·m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	—	—	0.64	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	—	—	0.83	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	—	—	40	
Wt	Weight	—	6 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V _{(BR)CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ^③	900	—	—	V	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 250μA
ΔV _{(BR)CES} /ΔT _J	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.295	—	V/°C	V _{GE} = 0V, I _C = 3.5mA
V _{CE(on)}	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	2.25	2.7	V	I _C = 28A I _C = 60A I _C = 28A, T _J = 150°C V _{GE} = 15V See Fig. 2, 5
		—	2.74	—		
		—	2.12	—		
V _{GE(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 250μA
ΔV _{GE(th)} /ΔT _J	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-13	—	mV/°C	V _{CE} = V _{GE} , I _C = 250μA
g _{re}	Forward Transconductance ^④	26	39	—	S	V _{CE} = 50V, I _C = 28A
I _{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	500	μA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 900V
		—	—	2.0		V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 10V, T _J = 25°C
		—	—	6.5	mA	V _{GE} = 0V, V _{CE} = 900V, T _J = 150°C
V _{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	2.5	3.5	V	I _C = 16A See Fig. 13
		—	2.1	3.0		I _C = 16A, T _J = 150°C
I _{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	±100	nA	V _{GE} = ±20V

Switching Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q _g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	160	240	nC	I _C = 28A V _{CC} = 400V V _{GE} = 15V See Fig. 8
Q _{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	19	29		
Q _{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	53	80		
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	—	71	—	ns	T _J = 25°C I _C = 28A, V _{CC} = 720V V _{GE} = 15V, R _G = 5.0Ω Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery. See Fig. 9, 10, 18
t _r	Rise Time	—	50	—		
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	150	220		
t _f	Fall Time	—	110	170	mJ	T _J = 150°C, See Fig. 11, 18 I _C = 28A, V _{CC} = 720V V _{GE} = 15V, R _G = 5.0Ω Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E _{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	2.63	—		
E _{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1.34	—		
E _{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	3.97	5.3	mJ	Measured 5mm from package
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	—	69	—		
t _r	Rise Time	—	52	—		
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	270	—	pF	V _{GE} = 0V V _{CC} = 30V f = 1.0MHz See Fig. 7
t _f	Fall Time	—	190	—		
E _{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	6.0	—		
L _E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C _{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	3300	—	pF	V _{GE} = 0V V _{CC} = 30V f = 1.0MHz See Fig. 7
C _{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	200	—		
C _{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	45	—		
t _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	90	135	ns	T _J = 25°C See Fig. 14 T _J = 125°C
		—	164	245		
I _{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	5.8	10	A	T _J = 25°C See Fig. 15 T _J = 125°C
		—	8.3	15		
Q _{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	260	675	nC	T _J = 25°C See Fig. 16 T _J = 125°C
		—	680	1838		
dI _(rec) /dt	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During t _b	—	120	—	A/μs	T _J = 25°C See Fig. 17 T _J = 125°C
		—	76	—		

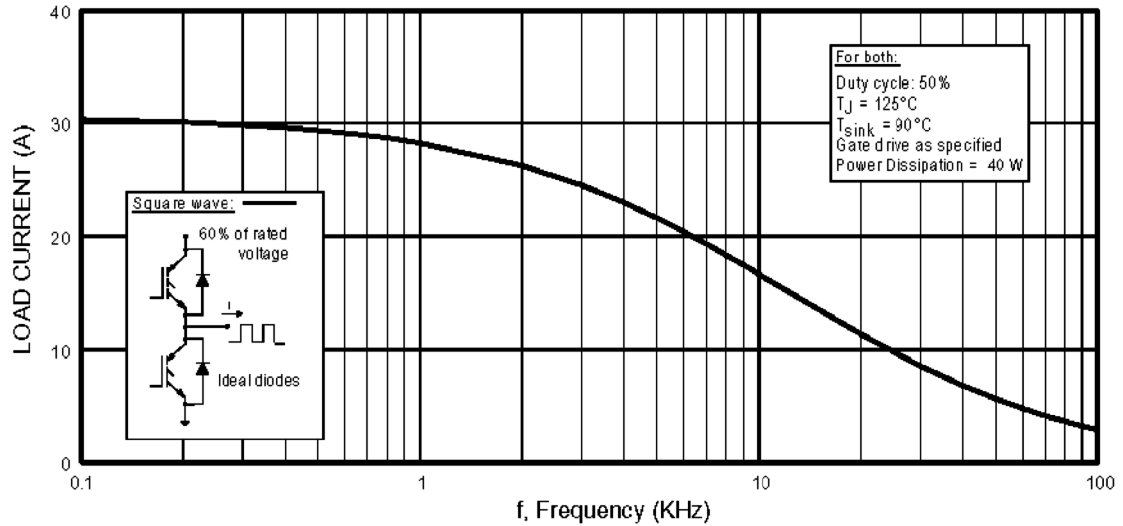


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
 (Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

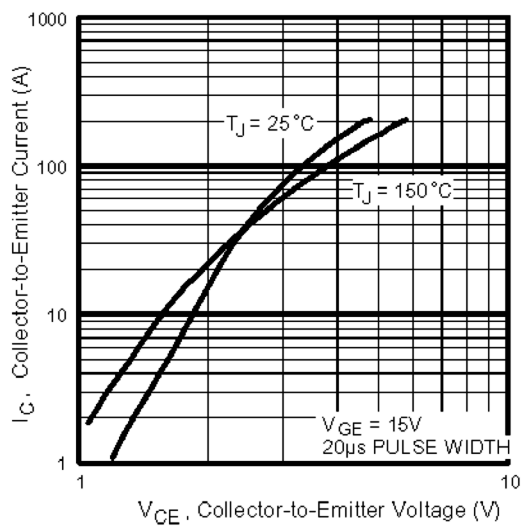


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics
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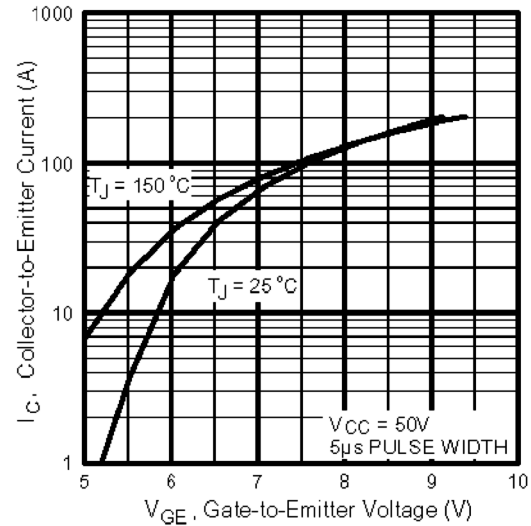


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

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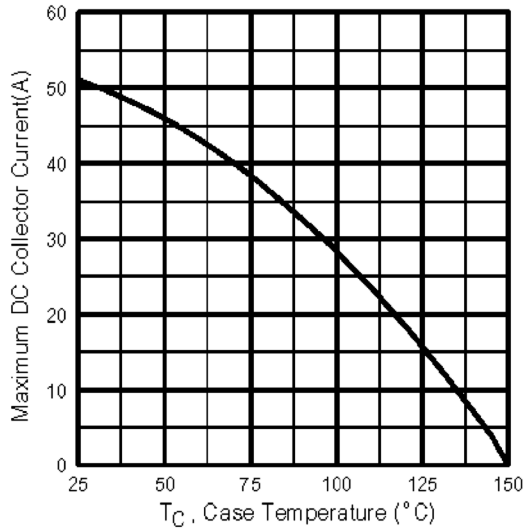


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

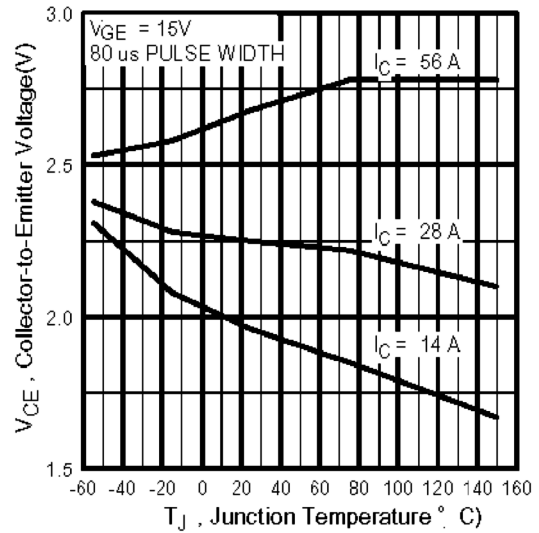


Fig. 5 - Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

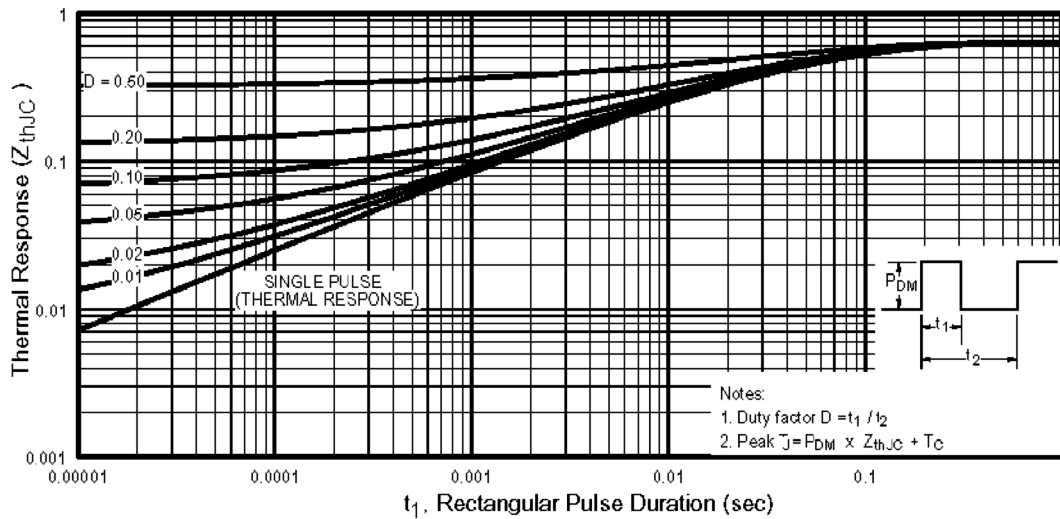


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

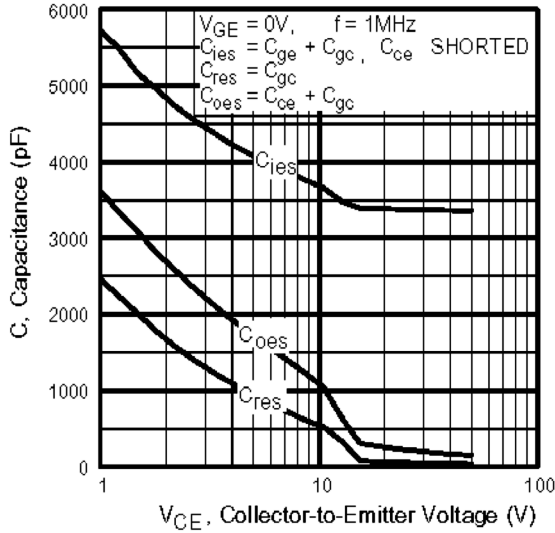


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

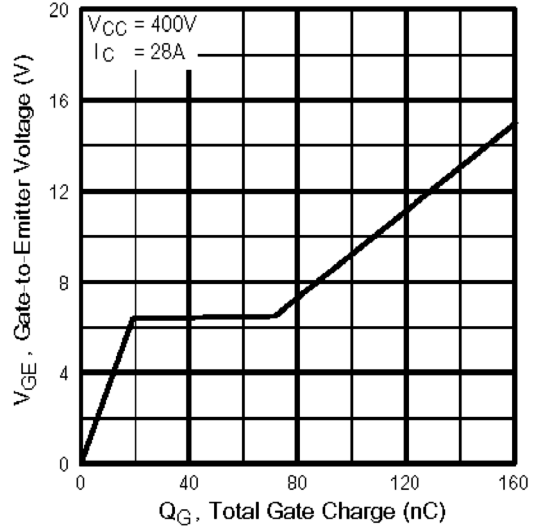


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

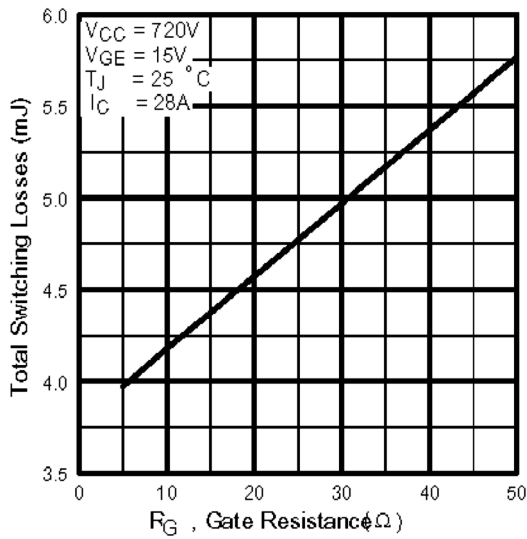


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

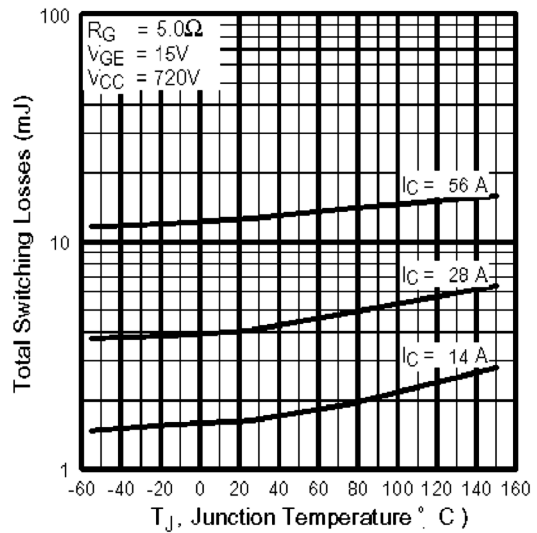


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

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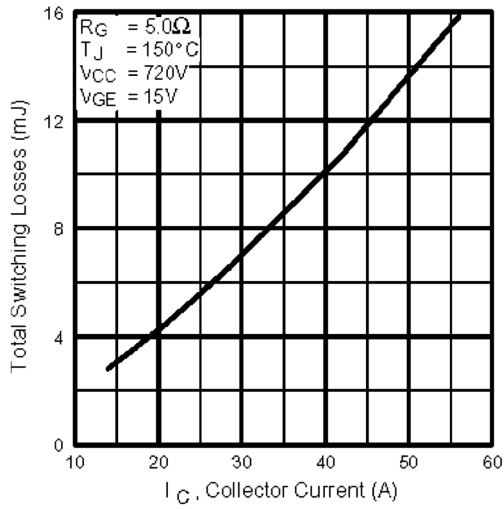


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

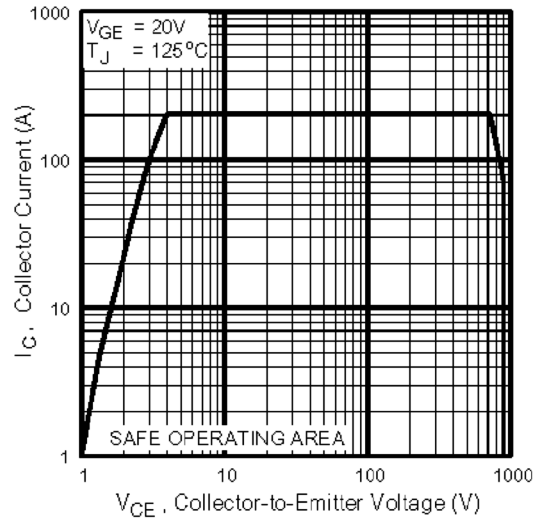


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

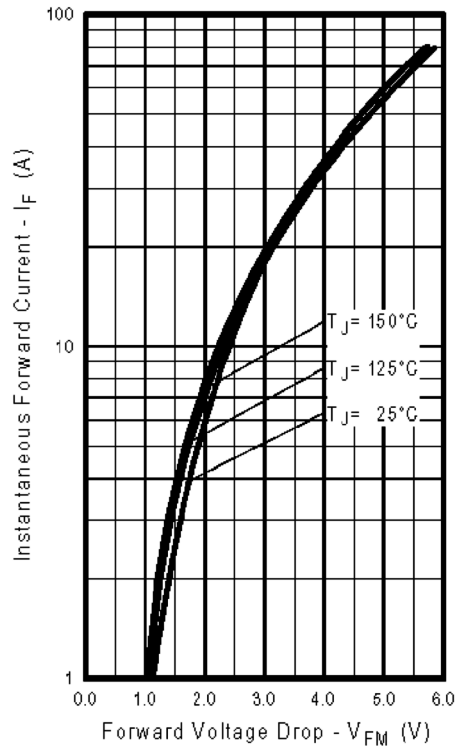


Fig. 13 - Typical Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

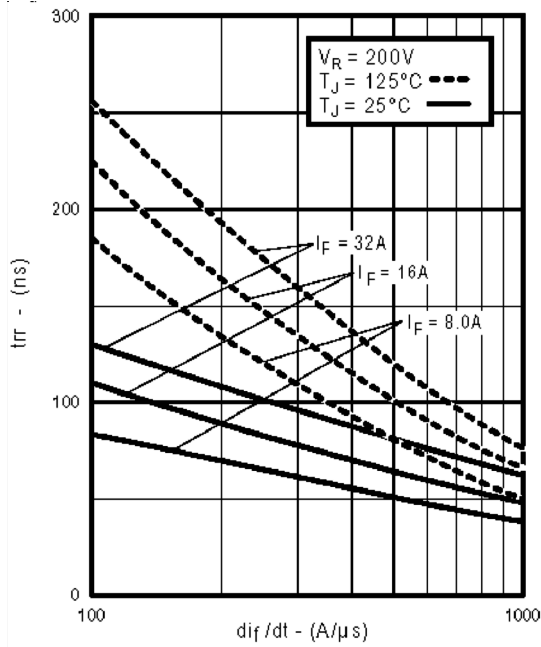


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

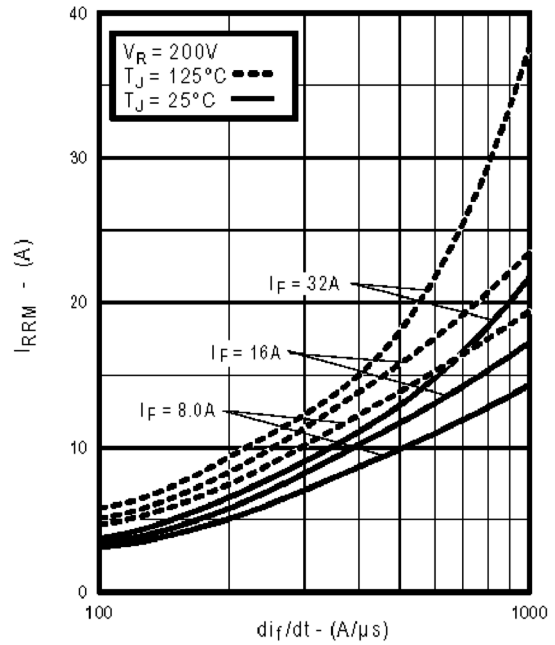


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

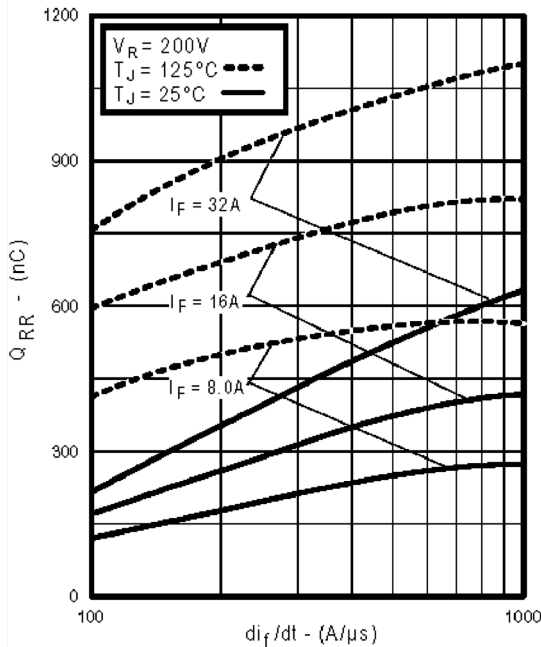


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

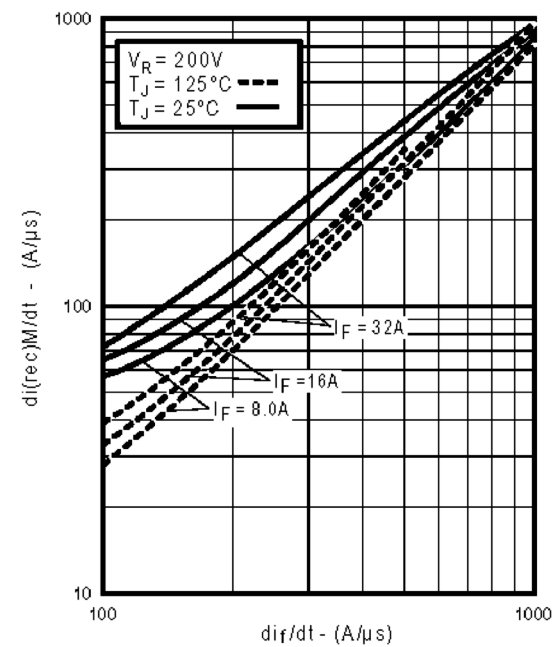


Fig. 17 - Typical $di_{(rec)M}/dt$ vs. di_f/dt

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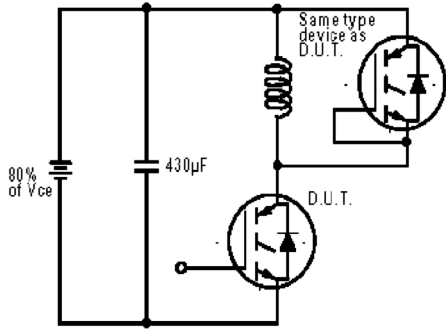


Fig. 18a - Test Circuit for Measurement of I_{LM} , E_{on} , E_{off} (diode), t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

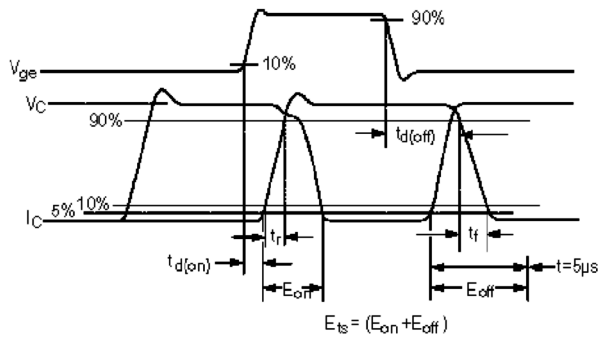


Fig. 18b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{off} , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

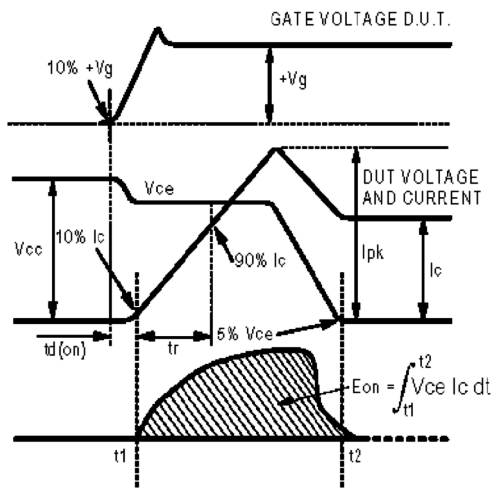


Fig. 18c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{on} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r

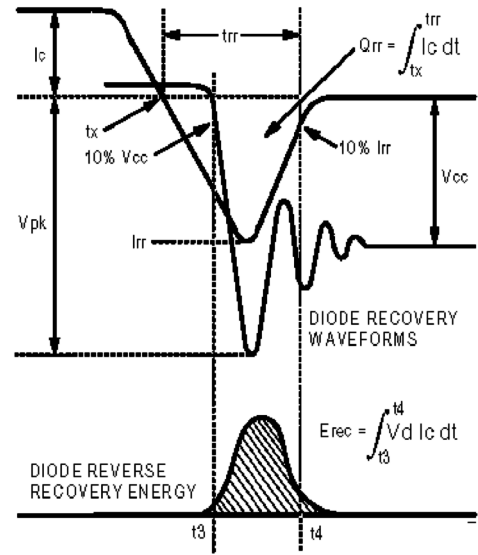


Fig. 18d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{rec} , t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr}

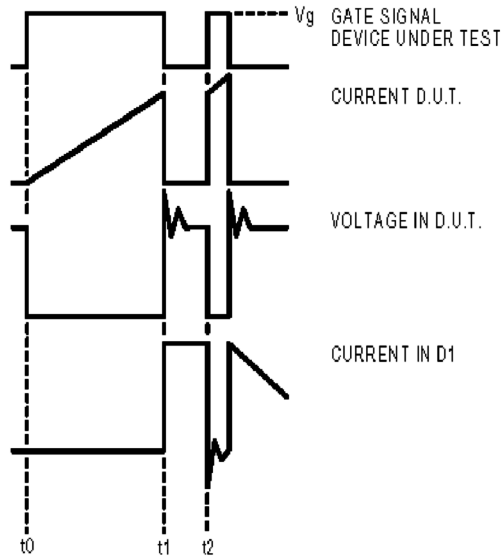


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

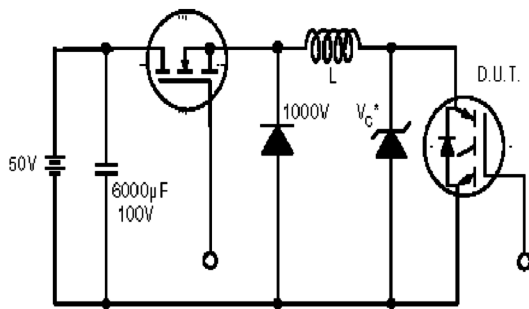


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

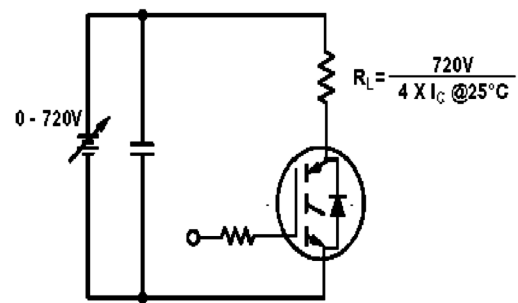


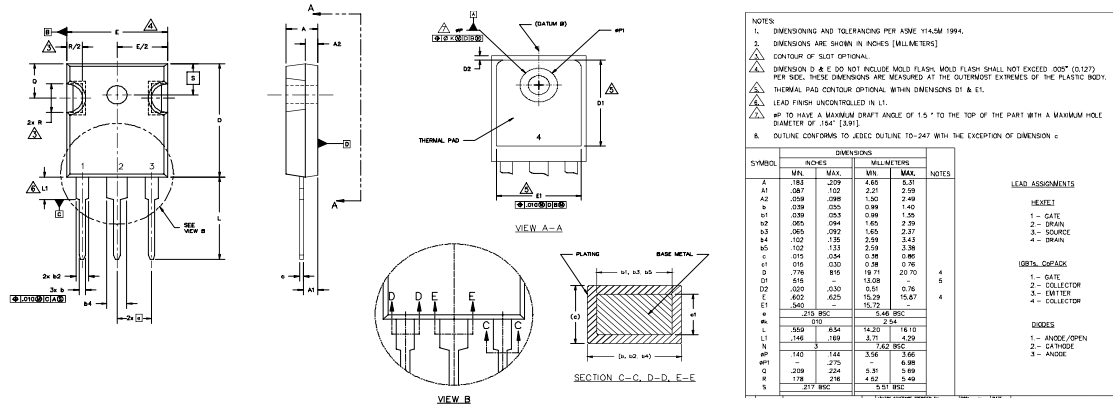
Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

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TO-247AC Package Outline

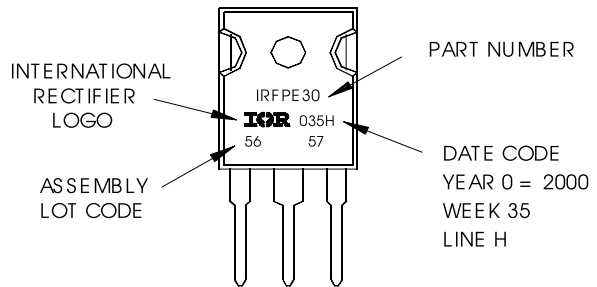
Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFP30
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.



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