BOARD DETAIL



The IO shield has 2 blocks. "I2C IO expansion block" and "Arduino Compatible block"



Block #1: I2C IO expander: 16 x GPIO

TI's TCA6416A I2C to Parallel Port Expander is used in this block.

The major benefit of this device is its wide VCC range. It can operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V on the P-port side and on the SDA/SCL side separately. It allows bidirectional voltage-level translation GPIO Expansion between 1.8V SCL/SDA(VCCI) and 5Volt Port(VCCP).

	1	Ο	24	V _{CCP}
V _{CCI}	2		23	SDA
RESET	3		22	SCL
P00	4		21	ADDR
P01	5		20	P 17
P02	6		19	P16
P03	7		18	P15
P04	8		17	P 14
P05	9		16	P13
P06	10		15	P 12
P07	11		14	P 11
GND	12		13	P10

How to access the 16 pins in the command line? 16 Ports are mapped to gpio#289~#304. Here is an example to access a GPIO. Note that you need to load the driver first with a modprobe command.

```
# modprobe gpio-pca953x
# echo tca6416 0x20 > /sys/devices/platform/i2c-gpio.4/i2c-
4/new_device
# echo 289 > /sys/class/gpio/export
# cd /sys/class/gpio/gpio289
/sys/class/gpio/gpio289# echo "in" >
/sys/class/gpio/gpio289/direction
/sys/class/gpio/gpio289# cat direction
in
/sys/class/gpio/gpio289# cat value
1
```

You can use any generic C/C++ or Python libraries to access the 16 GPIOs in your program.

Block #2: Arduino Uno compatible IO

Atmel's ATMEGA328P is used as a slave CPU to expand the IO port.

You can use the Arduino IDE on ODROID-U3 to build & upload your sketches to this Arduino-compatible block, without additional/external cable connections.

Just choose the "/dev/ttyACM99" in the Menu >> Tools >> Serial Port configuration. ATMEGA328P is a slave device on UART bus and ODROID is a master.

Like the Arduino Uno, it has 14 digital input/output pins (of which 6 can be used as PWM outputs), 6 analog inputs which provides 10 bits of resolution. They operate at 5 volts range.

We tested the Firmata(<u>http://firmata.org/</u>) to make an interactive interface between ODROID-U3 and ATmega328P.

The Firmata is a generic protocol for communicating with microcontrollers from software on a host computer.

Note that the ATmega328P in the IO Shield board is shipped with the Arduino IDE compatible boot loader optiboot-v5.0a and a simple LED blinking example.

If you need to quickly test your hardware, this stand-alone program can access all pins. Here is the source code of this test suite. <u>http://www.pjrc.com/teensy/firmata_test/firmata_test_OSL.tgz</u> Please install the StandardFirmata Ver2.3 firmware first.

📕 🛛 Firmata Test 🛛 –					
File	Port				
Pin 2	Output	Low			
Pin 3	PWM \$	» — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	-		
Pin 4	Output \$	Low			
Pin 5	Output	Low			
Pin 6	PWM 3	>	-		
Pin 7	Output	Low			
Pin 8	Input 3	High			
Pin 9	Output	Low			
Pin 10	Input 🛛 🗘	2) High			
Pin 11	Output 🗘	Low			
Pin 12	Output \$	Low			
Pin 13	Servo 😂	>)	-		
Pin 14	Analog 🛇	A0: 300			
Pin 15	Analog 🛇	A1: 301			
Pin 16	Analog 😂	A2: 296			
Pin 17	Output \$	High			
Pin 18	Analog 😂	A4: 305			
Pin 19	Analog 🗘	A5: 305			

C/C++ example code can be found in the ODROID Magazine Issue #2 (February-2014). http://magazine.odroid.com/