## startKIT Hardware Manual

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startKIT is a low-cost development board for the configurable xCORE multicore microcontroller products from XMOS. It's easy to use and provides lots of advanced features on a small, extremely low cost platform.
xCORE lets you software-configure the interfaces that you need for your system; so with startKIT you can configure the board to your match your exact requirements. Its 500MIPS xCORE multicore microcontroller has eight 32 bit logical cores that perform deterministically, making startKIT an ideal platform for functions ranging from robotics and motion control to networking and digital audio.
startKIT also connects to your Raspberry Pi, allowing you to add real-time I/O and communication features to this popular computing platform, and to try out advanced applications for xCORE.

## 1 Features

A block diagram of the startKIT is shown below:

Figure 1: startKIT block diagram


It includes the following features:

- A: xCORE Multicore Microcontroller device with integrated debugger
- B: Micro USB connector for debugger/JTAG
- C: PCle slot for sliceCARD or $1 \times 24$ GPIO header
- D: $2 \times 13$ header for GPIO and compatible with Raspberry Pi
- E: $1 \times 13$ header providing two XMOS Links
- F: Two four-zone cap sense areas
- G: $3 \times 3$ grid green LEDs
- H: Two green LEDs
- I: SPI Flash
- J: Push-button switch
- K: $3 \times 2$ analog input header
- L: 24MHz Oscillator


## 2 xCORE Multicore Microcontroller Device

startKIT is based on a two-tile xCORE device (xCORE-Analog A8-DEV). Tile 0 is dedicated to the integrated debugger and USB PHY. Tile 1 is user-programmable providing eight logical cores with a total of 500 MIPS compute. All the digital I/O on Tile 1 have been brought out to pins providing many combinations of peripherals to be integrated with the startKIT board.

For information on XCORE tiles and cores see the xCORE Architecture Overview ${ }^{1}$.
The xCORE-Analog A8-DEV device is only available as part of startKIT, and is therefore not separately documented. If you are using startKIT as a target platform and need datasheet-level documentation, you may find it useful to review the XS1-U16A-128-FB217 Datasheet $^{2}$.

If you are using startKIT as a development platform and intend to run your final application on a commercially available single tile device, it may be helpful to review the XS1-A8A-64-FB96 Datasheet ${ }^{3}$.

Figure 2: xCOREAnalog device and integrated debugger


### 2.1 Integrated debugger

The integrated debugger and associated components are positioned at one end of the board. The debugger is accessed by the micro-USB connector connected to the host PC, allowing the xTIMEcomposer tools to interrogate the application running on the device using the XMOS debugger and the xSCOPE library which provides non-intrusive program instrumentation.

See the Power connector section $\S 12$ and Operating requirements section $\S 13$ for further information on the USB connector.

[^0]
## 3 PCle connector and GPIO header (J7)

The pins of the PCle connector and the $1 \times 24$ GPIO header are mapped to twelve 1 -bit ports and three 4 -bit ports. The connector and GPIO header are mutually exclusive. The PCle connector is suitable for XMOS sliceCARDs such as audio, Ethernet, IS-BUS.


The xCORE ports are mapped to the PCle connector pins as shown in Figure 4:


The J6 header provides peripheral support for the PCle connector as described in Figure 5


The GPIO header (J7) provides 24 user configurable GPIO if the PCle slot is not used - see Figure 6.

| Port | Pin | GPIO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1F0 | X0D13 | 1 |
| P1H0 | X0D23 | 2 |
| P1G0 | X0D22 | $3$ |
| P1E0 | X0D12 | 4 |
| P4C0 | X0D14 | 5 |
| P4C2 | X0D20 | 6 |
| P4C1 | X0D15 | 7 |
| P4C3 | X0D21 | 8 |
| P4D0 | X0D16 | 9 |
| P1J0 | X0D25 | 10 |
| P1 K0 | X0D34 | 11 |
| P4D2 | X0D18 | $12$ |
| P4D1 | X0D17 | 13 |
| P4D3 | X0D19 | 14 |
| P1 M0 | X0D36 | $15$ |
| P4E2 | X0D32 | 16 |
| PiN0 | X0D37 | 17 |
| P4E3 | X0D33 | 18 |
| P1L0 | X0D35 | 19 |
| P1I0 | X0D24 | 20 |
| P1O0 | X0D38 | 21 |
| P4E0 | X0D26 | 22 |
| P1 P0 | X0D39 | 23 |
| P4E1 | X0D27 | 24 |

## 4 Raspberry Pi compatible header and GPIO (J3)

The $2 \times 13$ pin $0.1 "$ header is connected to a combination of 1 -bit ports and the 32 -bit port. It is compatible with a Raspberry Pi connection, or alternatively the header can be used for user configurable GPIO.

The position of the header on the startKIT board is shown below:

Figure 7: Raspberry Pi compatible header and GPIO


The xCORE ports are connected to the header as shown in Figure 6:

| Port | Pin | Header IO |  | Pin | Port |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | NC | 1 | 2 | NC |  |
| P32A0 | X0D49 | 3 | 4 | NC |  |
| P32A19 | X0D70 | 5 | 6 | GND |  |
| P32A18 | X0D69 | 7 | 8 | X0D68 | P32A17 |
|  | GND | 9 | 10 | X0D63 | P32A12 |
| P32A10 | X0D61 | 11 | 12 | X0D62 | P32A11 |
| P32A9 | X0D58 | 13 | 14 | GND |  |
| P32A8 | X0D57 | 15 | 16 | X0D56 | P32A7 |
|  | NC | 17 | 18 | NC |  |
| P1A0 | X0D0 | 19 | 20 | GND |  |
| P1D0 | X0D11 | 21 | 22 | NC |  |
| P1C0 | X0D10 | 23 | 24 | X0D51 | P32A2 |
|  | GND | 25 | 26 | X0D50 | P32A1 |

Notes:

- The compatible Raspberry Pi connections are shown on the back of the startKIT board.
- If you use the Raspberry Pi header the LEDs and push button switch are not available. You can still use the links on the J8 header.


## 5 XMOS Links and GPIO header (J8)

startKIT has a $1 \times 13$ pin GPIO header that includes two 2-wire XMOS Links (Link C/D), which can be used for connecting multiple startKITs together. Alternatively the header can be used to provide an additional eight GPIO pins connected to the 32-bit port.

The position of the header on the startKIT board is shown below:

Figure 9: XMOS Links and GPIO header (18)


| Port | Pin | Position |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | GND | 1 |
|  | GND | 2 |
| P32A3 | X0D52 | 3 - Link C: 1 Out |
| P32A4 | X0D53 | 4 - Link C: 0 Out |
| P32A5 | X0D54 | 5 - Link C: 0 In |
| P32A6 | X0D55 | 6 - Link C: 1 In |
| P32A13 | X0D64 | 7 - Link D: 1 Out |
| P32A14 | X0D65 | 8 - Link D: 0 Out |
| P32A15 | X0D66 | 9 - Link D: 0 In |
| P32A16 | X0D67 | $10-$ Link D: 1 In |
|  | GND | 11 |
|  | 3V3 | 12 |
|  | $5 V 0$ | 13 |

Note that the XMOS Links connections are shown on the back of the startKIT card.

## 6 Touch Sliders

The startKIT provides two four-zone capacitive touch sensor areas. The layout of the touch areas is shown below:


The touch areas are connected to pins driven by two 4-bit ports as described in Figure 12:

| Port | Pin | Slider |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P4A1 | X0D2 | X1 |
| P4A2 | X0D3 | $X 2$ |
| P4A3 | X0D8 | $X 3$ |
| P4A4 | X0D9 | $X 4$ |
|  |  |  |
| P4B1 | X0D4 | $Y 1$ |
| P4B2 | X0D5 | $Y 2$ |
| P4B3 | X0D6 | $Y 3$ |
| P4B4 | X0D7 | $Y 4$ |

The touch areas must be polled to measure any touch.

## 7 User LEDs

startKIT provides nine green LEDs arranged in a $3 \times 3$ grid as shown below:


Each LED is connected to a different pin, all of which are mapped to bits on a 32-bit port as described in Figure 14:

|  | Port | Pin | LED |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | P32A19 | X0D70 | A1 |
|  | P32A18 | X0D69 | A2 |
|  | P32A17 | X0D68 | A3 |
|  | P32A12 | X0D63 | B1 |
| Figure 14: <br> 3x3 grid <br> LEDs | P32A11 | X0D62 | B2 |
|  | P32A10 | X0D61 | B3 |

Two additional green LEDs are connected to pins driven by 1-bit ports as described in Figure 15:

Figure 15:
User LEDs

| Port | Pin | Processor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1A0 | X0D0 | LED-D1 |
| P1D0 | X0D11 | LED-D2 |

Notes

- The LEDs are not available if the J 3 (Raspberry Pi) header is in use.
- If the LEDs/button are in use, you cannot use the J8 header.
- LED pins are active low.


## 8 SPI Flash

startKIT provides 256 Kbytes of Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) FLASH memory, which is interfaced by the four 1-bit connections shown in Figure 16:

| Port | Pin | Processor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1A0 | X0D0 | MISO |
| P1B0 | X0D1 | CS_N |
| P1C0 | X0D10 | M_CK |
| P1D0 | X0D11 | MOSI |

The xTIMEcomposer tools include the xFLASH utility for programming compiled programs into the flash memory. startKIT designs may also access the FLASH memory at run-time by interfacing with the above pins.

## 9 Push-button switch

startKIT includes one push-button switch whose states can be samples at any time by software. The position of the switch is shown below.

Figure 17: Push button switch


The switch is connected to a pin which is mapped to one bit of the 32 -bit port as described in Figure 18:

| Figure 18: |  | Port | Pin |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Button | P32A0 | X0D49 | BUTTON |

Notes:

- The push-button switch pin is active low.
- The push-button switch is not available if the J 3 (Raspberry Pi) header is in use.


## 10 Analog input header

startKIT provides support for analog device input. The location of the $2 \times 3$ input header is shown below:


Analog inputs can be can be connected to the xCORE-Analog device using the four ADC pins as shown in Figure 20.

| Pin | Header IO |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 V 3 | 1 |
| ADC1 | 2 |
| ADC0 | 3 |
| ADC3 | 4 |
| ADC2 | 5 |
| GND | 6 |

The analog input can be sampled using a 1-bit port as defined in Figure 21:

Figure 21: ADC sample

| Port | Pin | Procesor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1A0 | X0D00 | ADC_Sample |

## 11 24MHz Crystal Oscillator

The startKIT board is clocked at 24 MHz by a crystal oscillator. Tile 1 is clocked at 500 MIPS, and the I/O ports are 100 MHz . The debugger generates an additional 25 MHz clock for the PCle slot which can be accessed using the J6 header.

## 12 Power connector

startKIT requires a 5 V power source input via the micro-USB cable.

Figure 22:
Power
connection
and integrated debugger


The voltage is converted by the on-board regulator to the 1 V and 3 V 3 supplies used by the components.

See the Operating requirements section $\S 13$ for further information.

## 13 Operating requirements

A USB 2.0 high-speed compliant cable of less than 3 m in length should be used when operating the startKIT. XMOS cannot guarantee correct operation of the startKIT should any other cable be used.

This product is designed to be powered from a USB port only and correct operation cannot be guaranteed if it is powered otherwise.

This product is, like most electronic equipment, sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) events. Users should operate the startKIT with appropriate ESD precautions in place.

## 14 Dimensions

The startKIT dimensions are $94 \times 50 \mathrm{~mm}$. The mounting holes are 2 mm in diameter.

## 15 startKIT Portmap

The table below provides a full description of the port-pin mappings described throughout this document.

| Pin | link | 1-bit | 4-bit | 8-bit | 32-bit | GPIO | SPI | USER IO | ANALOG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X0D00 |  | 1 A |  |  |  | $J 3 / r P I^{19}$ | MISO | $L E D^{D 1}$ | ADC_SAMPLE |
| X0D01 | $A^{4}$ out | $1 B$ |  |  |  |  | SS |  |  |
| X0D02 | $A^{3}$ out |  | $4 A^{0}$ | $8 A^{0}$ | $32 A^{20}$ |  |  | TOUCH ${ }^{\text {Y1 }}$ |  |
| X0D03 | $A^{2}$ out |  | $4 A^{1}$ | $8 A^{1}$ | $32 A^{21}$ |  |  | TOUCH ${ }^{\text {Y2 }}$ |  |
| X0D04 | $A^{1}$ out |  | $4 B^{0}$ | $8 A^{2}$ | $32 A^{22}$ |  |  | TOUCH ${ }^{\text {X1 }}$ |  |
| X0D05 | $A^{0}$ out |  | $4 B^{1}$ | $8 A^{3}$ | $32 A^{23}$ |  |  | TOUCH ${ }^{\text {X2 }}$ |  |
| X0D06 | $A^{0}$ in |  | $4 B^{2}$ | $8 A^{4}$ | $32 A^{24}$ |  |  | TOUCH ${ }^{\text {X3 }}$ |  |
| X0D07 | $A^{1}$ in |  | $4 B^{3}$ | $8 A^{5}$ | $32 A^{25}$ |  |  | TOUCH ${ }^{\text {X4 }}$ |  |
| X0D08 | $A^{2}$ in |  | $4 A^{2}$ | $8 A^{6}$ | $32 A^{26}$ |  |  | TOUCH ${ }^{\text {Y3 }}$ |  |
| X0D09 | $A^{3}$ in |  | $4 A^{3}$ | $8 A^{7}$ | $32 A^{27}$ |  |  | TOUCH ${ }^{\text {Y }}$ |  |
| X0D10 | $A^{4}$ in | 1 C |  |  |  | $J 3 / r P I^{23}$ | CLK |  |  |
| X0D11 |  | $1 D$ |  |  |  | $J 3 / r P I^{21}$ | MOSI | $L E D^{D 2}$ |  |
| X0D12 |  | $1 E$ |  |  |  | $J 7{ }^{4}+\mathrm{PCI} e^{\text {A3 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D13 | $B^{4}$ out | $1 F$ |  |  |  | $J 7^{1}+P C I e^{B 2}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D14 | $B^{3}$ out |  | $4 C^{0}$ | $8 B^{0}$ | $32 A^{28}$ | $J 7^{5}+\mathrm{PCI} e^{B 6}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D15 | $B^{2}$ out |  | $4 C^{1}$ | $8 B^{1}$ | $32 A^{29}$ | $J_{7}{ }^{7}+\mathrm{PCI} e^{\text {B7 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D16 | $B^{1}$ out |  | $4 D^{0}$ | $8 B^{2}$ |  | $J 7^{9}+{ }^{\text {PCI }}$ P ${ }^{\text {B9 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D17 | $B^{0}$ out |  | $4 D^{1}$ | $8 B^{3}$ |  | $J 7{ }^{13}+$ PCI $^{\text {B11 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D18 | $B^{0}$ in |  | $4 D^{2}$ | $8 B^{4}$ |  | $J 7^{12}+$ PCIe ${ }^{\text {A9 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D19 | $B^{1}$ in |  | $4 D^{3}$ | $8 B^{5}$ |  | $J 7^{14}+$ PCIe ${ }^{\text {Al1 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D20 | $B^{2}$ in |  | $4 C^{2}$ | $8 B^{6}$ | $32 A^{30}$ | $J 7^{6}+\mathrm{PCI} e^{A 6}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D21 | $B^{3}$ in |  | $4 C^{3}$ | $8 B^{7}$ | $32 A^{31}$ | $J 7^{8}+\mathrm{PCI} e^{\text {A7 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D22 | $B^{4}$ in | $1 G$ |  |  |  | $J 7^{3}+\mathrm{PCI} e^{B 4}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D23 |  | $1{ }^{\text {H }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| X0D24 |  | $1 I$ |  |  |  | $J 7^{20}+$ PCIe $^{\text {B15 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D25 |  | $1 J$ |  |  |  | $J 7^{10}+$ PCIe ${ }^{\text {A8 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D26 |  |  | $4 E^{0}$ |  |  | $J 7^{22}+\mathrm{PCIE}^{\text {A17 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D27 |  |  | $4 E^{1}$ |  |  | $J 7^{24}+$ PCI $^{\text {A18 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D32 |  |  | $4 E^{2}$ |  |  | $J 7^{16}+$ PCI $^{\text {A }}$ 12 |  |  |  |
| X0D33 |  |  | $4 E^{3}$ |  |  | $J 7{ }^{18}+{ }^{\text {PCI }}{ }^{\text {A }} 13$ |  |  |  |
| X0D34 |  | $1 K$ |  |  |  | $J 7{ }^{11}+$ PCIe ${ }^{\text {B10 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D35 |  | $1 L$ |  |  |  | $J 7{ }^{19}+$ PCI $^{\text {A15 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D36 |  | 1 M |  |  |  | $J 7^{15}+$ PCIe ${ }^{\text {B12 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D37 |  | $1 N$ |  |  |  | $J 7^{17}+$ PCI $^{\text {B13 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D38 |  | 10 |  |  |  | $J 7{ }^{21}+\mathrm{PCIE}^{\text {B17 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D39 |  | $1 P$ |  |  |  | $J 7^{23}+$ PCI $^{\text {B18 }}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D49 | $C^{4}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{0}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{3}$ |  | BUTTON |  |
| X0D50 | $C^{3}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{1}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{26}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D51 | $C^{2}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{2}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{24}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D52 | $C^{1}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{3}$ | $J 8^{3}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D53 | $C^{0}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{4}$ | $J 8^{4}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D54 | $C^{0}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{5}$ | $J 8^{5}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D55 | $C^{1}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{6}$ | $J 8^{6}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D56 | $C^{2}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{7}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{16}$ |  | LED $3 \times 3{ }^{\text {C3 }}$ |  |
| X0D57 | $C^{3}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{8}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{15}$ |  | LED $3 \times 3$ C2 |  |
| X0D58 | $C^{4}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{9}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{13}$ |  | LED $3 \times 3{ }^{\text {C1 }}$ |  |
| X0D61 | $D^{4}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{10}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{11}$ |  | LED $3 \times 3{ }^{\text {B3 }}$ |  |
| X0D62 | $D^{3}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{11}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{12}$ |  | LED $3 \times 3{ }^{\text {B2 }}$ |  |
| X0D63 | $D^{2}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{12}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{10}$ |  | LED $3 \times 3{ }^{\text {B1 }}$ |  |
| X0D64 | $D^{1}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{13}$ | $J^{7}{ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D65 | $D^{0}$ out |  |  |  | $32 A^{14}$ | $J 8^{8}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D66 | $D^{0}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{15}$ | $J 8^{9}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D67 | $D^{1}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{16}$ | $J 8^{10}$ |  |  |  |
| X0D68 | $D^{2}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{17}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{8}$ |  | LED $3 \times 3{ }^{\text {A }}$ |  |
| X0D69 | $D^{3}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{18}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{7}$ |  | LED $3 \times 3{ }^{\text {A }}$ |  |
| X0D70 | $D^{4}$ in |  |  |  | $32 A^{19}$ | $J 3 / r P I^{5}$ |  | LED $3 \times 3$ A1 |  |

## 16 startKIT schematics

Figure 24: startKIT schematic



## 17 Regulatory compliance

The startKIT has been tested to the applicable electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) test standards as listed in the table below.

| Test | Standard | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Radiated Emissions <br> $(30 \mathrm{MHz}-1 \mathrm{GHz})$ | FCC CFR 47 Part 15 | Tested to Class A limits |
| Radiated Emissions <br> $(1 \mathrm{GHz}-6 \mathrm{GHz})$ | FCC CFR 47 Part 15 | Tested to Class A limits |
| Immunity from Radiated <br> Fields | EN55024:2010 | Tested to Class A limits |
| Radiated Emissions <br> $(30 \mathrm{MHz}-1 \mathrm{GHz})$ | EN55022:2010 | Tested to Class A limits |
| Radiated Emissions <br> $(1 \mathrm{GHz}-6 \mathrm{GHz})$ | EN55022:2010 | Tested to Class A limits |

### 17.1 European Region

This product complies with the Economic Area (EEA) EMC Directive 2004/108/EC and has been tested and found to comply in full with the requirements of:

- EN 55022:2010 - Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement. CISPR 22:2008 (Modified)
- EN 55024:2010 - Information technology equipment - Immunity characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement. CISPR 24:2010

It meets Class A Limits as described in EN 55022:2010. Class A equipment is equipment suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic.

This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

### 17.2 North America Region

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation

### 17.3 RoHS and REACH

The startKIT complies with appropriate RoHS2 and REACH regulations and is a Pb -free product.

The startKIT is subject to the European Union WEEE directive and should not be disposed of in household waste. Alternative requirements may apply outside of the EU.

Any unapproved devices connected to this product by the GPIO headers or connector may affect compliance to these standards, and end users should take appropriate precautions in this case.


## XMOS

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[^1]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ http://www.xmos.com/published/xcore-architecture
    ${ }^{2}$ http://www.xmos.com/published/xs1-u16a-128-fb217-datasheet
    ${ }^{3}$ http://www.xmos.com/published/xs1-a8a-64-fb96-datasheet

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